Välkommen till

E-kol-ogiskt!

presentation av projektresultaten

Presentation held on the 20th November 2019 in Roma Lövsta and on the 21st November 2019 in Visby, Gotland, Sweden









DANIEL FISCHER Degreed Engineer for Landscape Management & Nature Conser

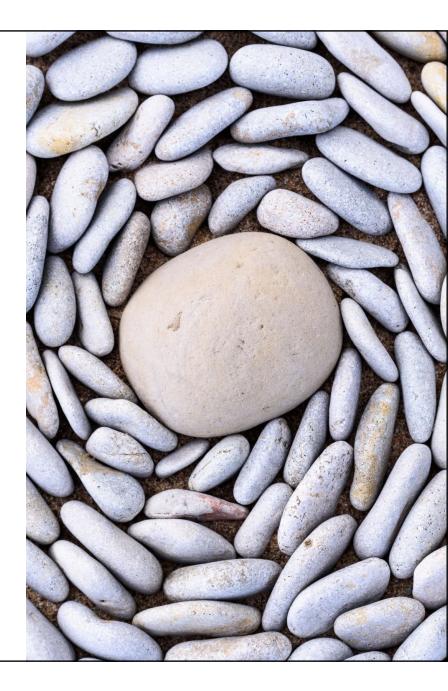


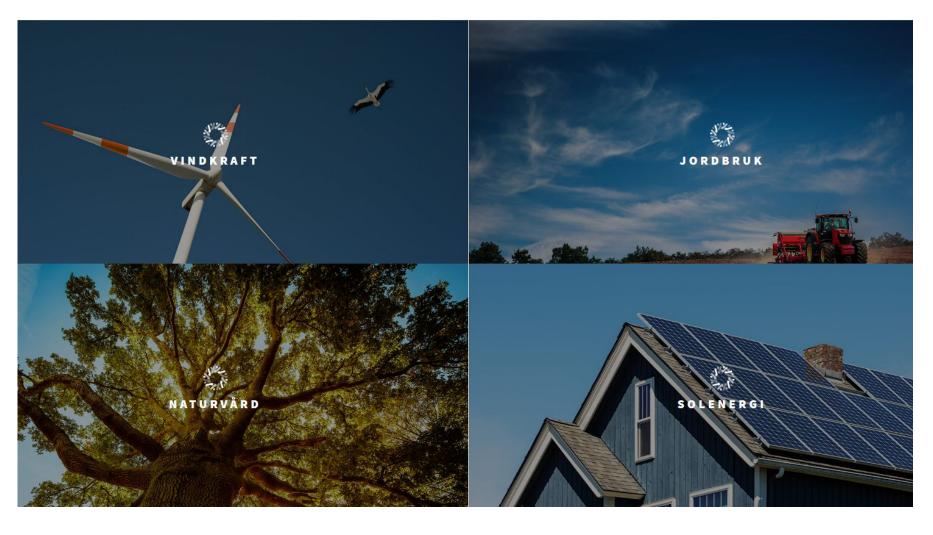


Waila AB

Waila is a word of Gothic origin which means "in a good manner". This mirrors our desire to utilize our creative power to make a real contribution to environmental and nature protection.

A significant net removal of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere is the ambition for our business activities.









The project E-kol-ogiskt!

Goal

demonstrate beneficial impacts of biochar-substrates on

- <u>soil fertility (focus: nitrogen storage, carbon storage, harvest)</u>
- <u>water management (focus: water storage capacity)</u>
- <u>climate change (focus: carbon sequestration)</u>

Setup

a field trial on a asparagus plantation to analyse:

- the difference between biochar application and control
- compare two different, nitrogen loaded biocharsubstrates



• compare different biochar concentrations

Trial Design

- 77 x 75m (0,58 ha)
- double-randomized Latin square
- 5 variants, 5 repetitions
- biochar concentrated along the asparagus rows
- <u>Planned</u>
 - 2,5 t (1,25) t /ha biochar (dry mass)
 - equal nitrogen input to variants C, ATS-H, CP-H
- Realized
 - As planned for C, CP-L and CP-H treatments
 - 59% more substrate (carbon, nitrogen, etc.) on ATS-L and ATS-H treatments as planned
 => 4,0 t (2,0) t /ha biochar (dry mass) on ATS-H (ATS-L) treatments

C	ATS-H	ATS-L	CP-L	CP-H
(Plot 1)	(Plot 6)	(Plot 11)	(Plot 16)	(Plot 21)
CP-H	CP-L	ATS-H	C	ATS-L
(Plot 2)	(Plot 7)	(Plot 12)	(Plot 17)	(Plot 22)
CP-L	ATS-L	CP-H	ATS-H	C
(Plot 3)	(Plot 8)	(Plot 13)	(Plot 18)	(Plot 23)
ATS-H	CP-H	C	ATS-L	CP-L
(Plot 4)	(Plot 9)	(Plot 14)	(Plot 19)	(Plot 24)
ATS-L	C	CP-L	CP-H	ATS-H
(Plot 5)	(Plot 10)	(Plot 15)	(Plot 20)	(Plot 25)

sandy plots

<u>Variants</u>:

C: control; ATS: biochar mixed with vinasse, molasses and effective microorganisms (ATS-H: High application, ATS-L: Low application); CP: biochar mixed with cattle manure and water (CP-H: High application, CP-L: Low application)



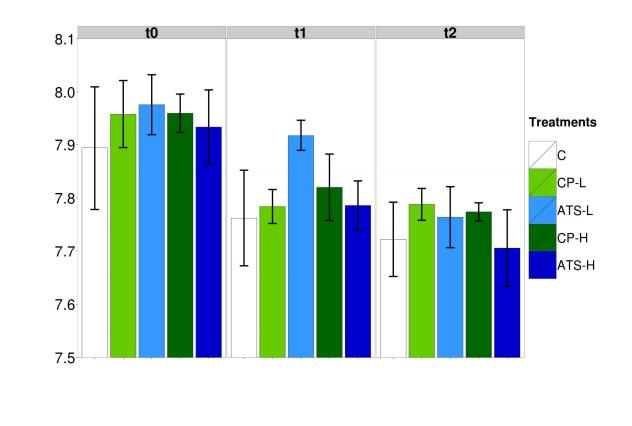
Soil fertility







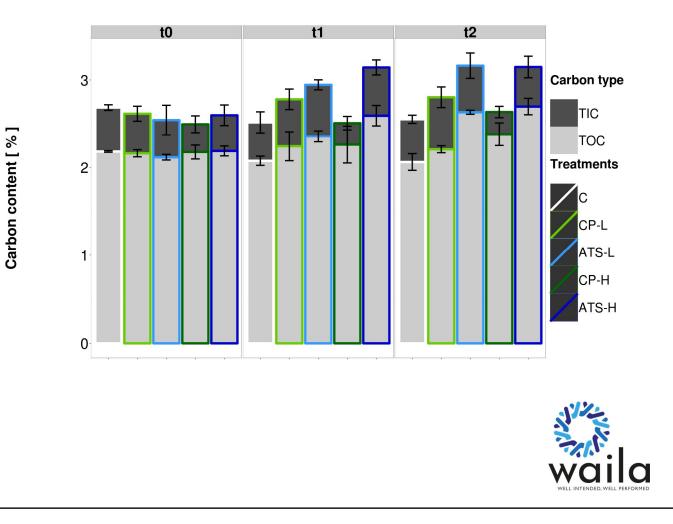
pH (averages for 5 x 5 plots)



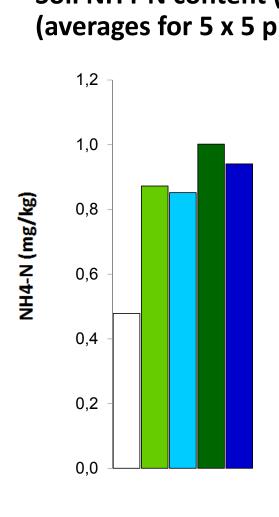




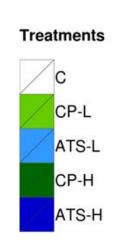
Soil organic carbon content (averages for 5 x 5 plots)





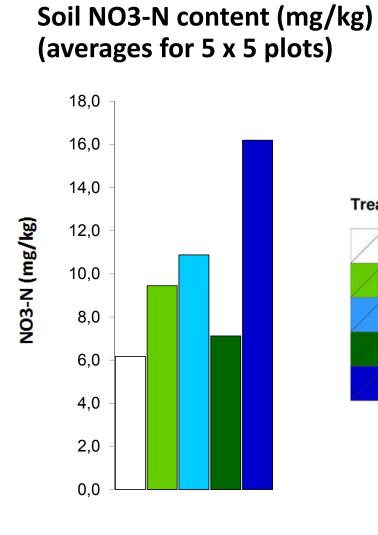


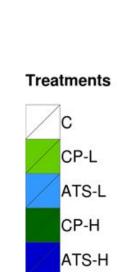
Soil NH4-N content (mg/kg) (averages for 5 x 5 plots)







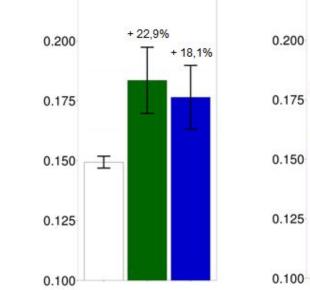




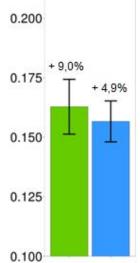




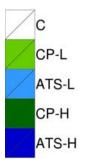
Soil water content (averages for 5 x 5 plots)



Water Content



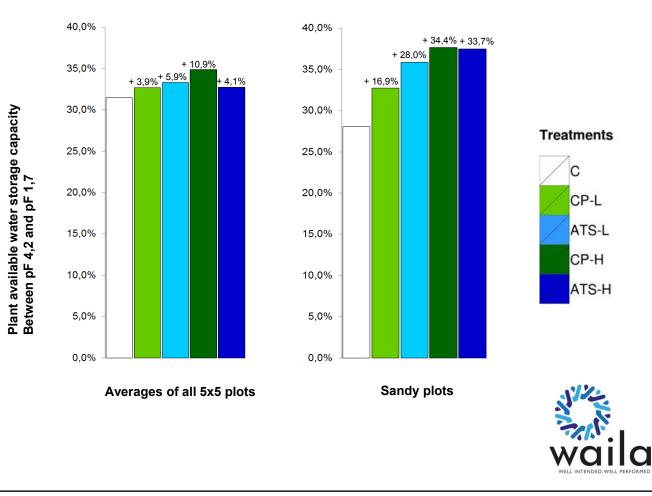








Soil water storage



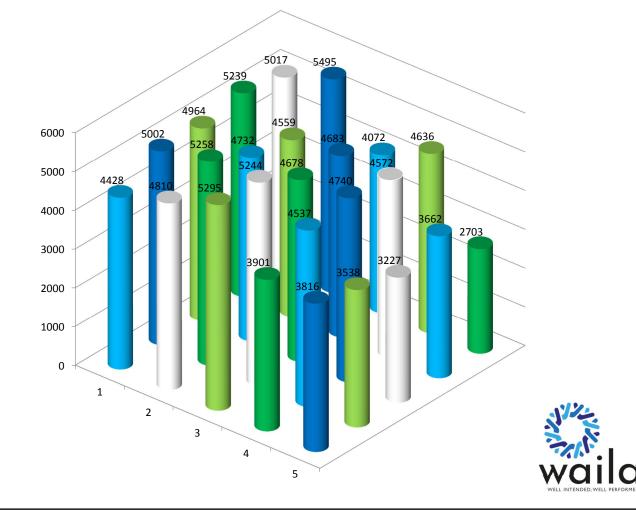
Harvest





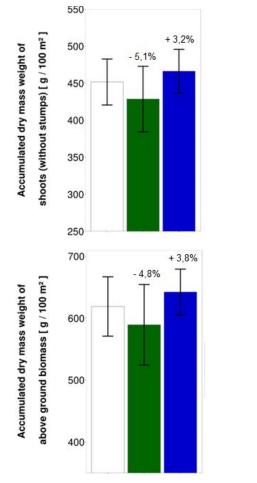


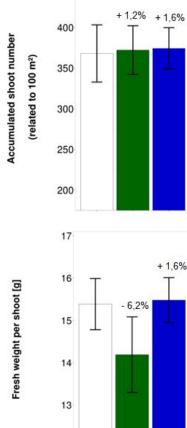
Yield distribution (above-ground biomass, gram per plot)





Yield (average of all 5x5 plots)

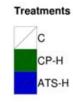




12

+ 1,6%

450



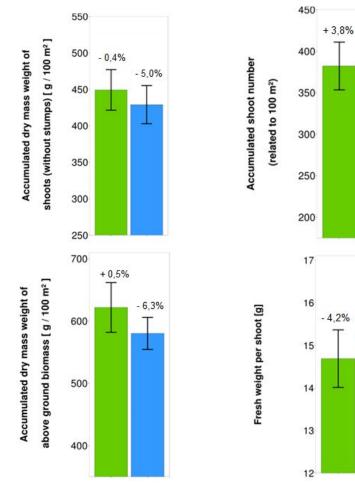




Yield (average of all 5x5 plots):

- 5%

+/-0,0%

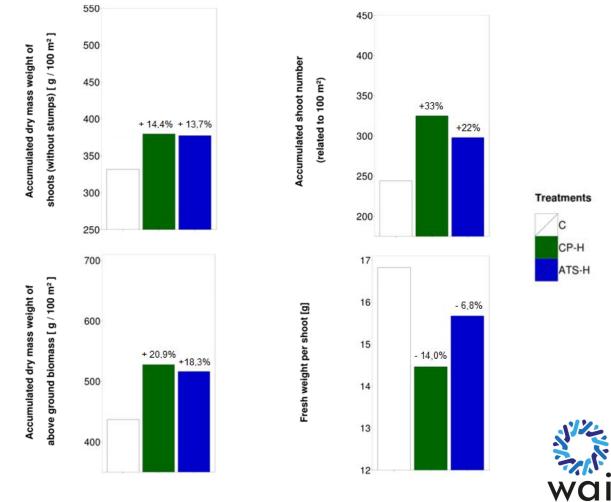






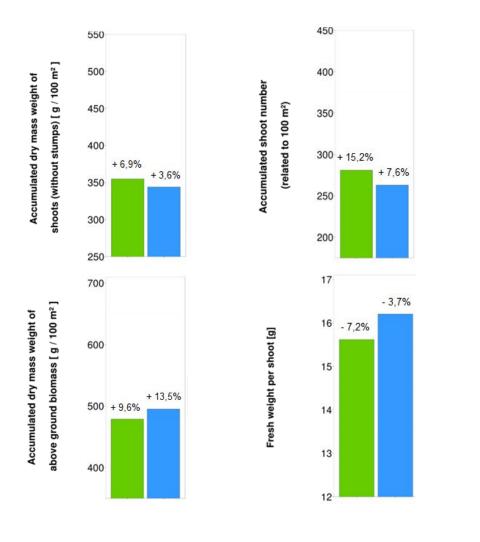


Yield (5 sandy plots):















Climate impact of asparagus production with biochar

Factor	Unit	Source	
Positive climate impact of biochar production and application in the field trial	-7,6 kg CO _{2eqv.} / kg asparagus	Calculation with data from Stenhuse Gård (2019), Meyer et al. (2012) and Waila (2019)	
Average GHG emissions of asparagus production	0,9 kg CO _{2eqv.} / kg asparagus	ETH Zürich (2016)	
Net positive climate impact of biochar application at field trial	- 6,7 kg CO _{2eqv.} / kg asparagus		



Economical Assessment





Economical Assessment (for CP-H treatment on sandy soils, 10 years)

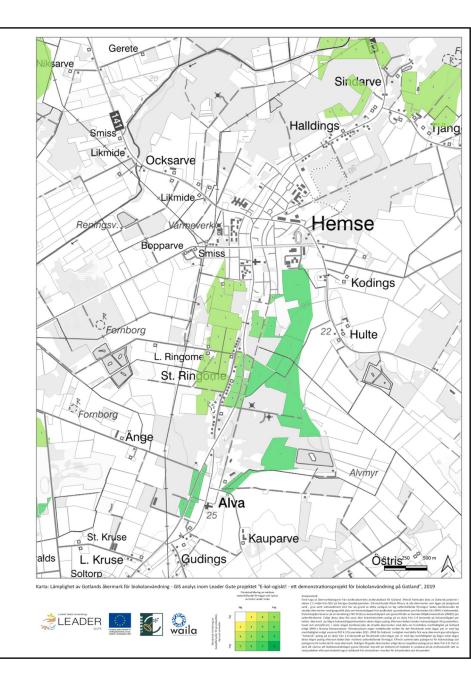
Benefit / Cost	SEK	Unit	Assumptions
Benefits			
Revenue Increase Asparagus	11.570	SEK /ha*year	Yield increase: 14,4% (Baseline:650 kg/ha)
Nitrogen Fertilizer Savings	272	SEK /ha*year	25% nitrogen saving
Value Increase Farm Land	364	SEK /ha*year	Increase soil C-org: 0,1%
Carbon Storage	183	SEK /ha*year	7t CO ₂ sequestered, 270 SEK/t CO ₂
Costs			
Biochar Substrate	3.065	SEK /ha*year	4,1 t FM biochar/ha
Biochar Application	80	SEK /ha*year	
Harvesting and Marketing	4.099	SEK /ha*year	Costs for asparagus yield increase
Surplus	50.692	SEK	Over 10 year period
Return-on-Investment	6,5	%	



What about my farm land?

The Biochar Map for Gotland

- GIS analysis is a sub-project
- data from Swedish national authorities were combined
- map highlights those arable areas which will be most affected by draught conditions in the near future and should profit the most from an increase in the nitrogen fertilizing efficiency
- these areas are most appropriate for biochar application, since both the water storage capacity and the nitrogen storage capacity of the soil can be improved
- 26 % (23.000 ha) of Gotlands arable land would benefit particular from biochar application according to the analysis
- <u>https://waila.se/biokolkarta-gotland/</u>



Summary

- Positive impact of biochar application on soil fertility:
 - Decrease in soil pH (and soil bulk density)
 - Improved NO3-N, NH4-N (and total N) storage
 - Increase in organic carbon content
- Positive impact on groundwater pollution with nitrate likely
- Less sandy soils: Yield increase for ATS-H treatment
- Less sandy soils: Yield decrease for manure-biochar treatment
- Sandy soils: Considerable yield increase for all biochar treatments (+3,6 % to +14,4%)
- We recommend to prevent manure putrefaction via early biochar addition or manure aeration
- Effective microorganisms might provide additional benefits for plant growth
- Profitable, climate-positive crop production possible

Let us turn Gotlands agricultural sector into a large scale carbon sink!





Thank you for your attention!

Anne and Sebastian Meyer +46 700 260 770

www.waila.se